

APWH CHAPTER 25 The Consolidation of Latin America, 1830-1920

WK 25

Directions: Write a comprehensive, summarizing paragraph for each of the following major concepts:

I. From Colonies to Nations

A. Causes of Political Change

B. Spanish-American Independence Struggles

C. Brazilian Independence

II. New Nations Confront Old and New Problems

A. Political Fragmentation

B. Caudillos, Politics, and the Church

III. Latin American Economies and World Markets, 1820–1870

A. Mid-Century Stagnation

B. Economic Resurgence and Liberal Politics

C. Mexico: Instability and Foreign Intervention

D. Argentina: The Port and the Nation

E. The Brazilian Empire

IV. Societies in Search of Themselves

A. Cultural Expression After Independence

B. Old Patterns of Gender, Class, and Race

C. The Great Boom, 1880–1920

D. Mexico and Argentina: Examples of Economic Transformation

E. Uncle Sam Goes South

Archduke Maximilian and Benito Juárez.

New Nations Confront Old and New Problems.

Economic Resurgence and Liberal Politics.

Mexico: Instability and Foreign Intervention.

Argentina: The Port and the Nation.

Cultural Expression After Independence.

Old Patterns of Gender, Class, and Race.

The Great Boom, 1880–1920.

Mexico and Argentina: Examples of Economic Transformation.

Uncle Sam Goes South.

KEY TERMS

Toussaint L'Overture:

Miguel de Hidalgo:

Augustín de Iturbide:

Simon Bolívar:

Gran Colombia:

José de San Martín:

João VI:

Pedro I:

Andrés Santa Cruz:

Caudillos:

Centralists:

Federalists:

Monroe Doctrine:

Guano:

Positivism:

Antonio López de Santa Anna: .

Manifest Destiny:

Mexican-American War:

Treaty of Guadalupe-Hidalgo (1848): r

La Reforma:

Maximilian von Habsburg:

Gauchos:

Juan Manuel de Rosas:

Argentine Republic:

Domingo F. Sarmiento:

Fazendas:

Modernization theory:

Dependency theory:

Porfirio Díaz:

Cientificos:

Spanish-American War:

Panama Canal:

A. Discuss the ways in which Latin American states were successful in shaking off their colonial past and the problems which remained that were characteristic of colonial society.

B. Compare and contrast the relationship of the Latin American nations with the West at the end of the 19th century with the relationship of the West to “true colonies” created through imperialism.

1. Trace the causes of political change in Latin America.

2. Identify the successes of reform at resolving the problems of race, class, and gender.

3. Summarize the economic boom of the period after 1870.

4. Generalize the ways that the United States entered the political and economic affairs of Latin America.

MAP EXERCISE: Draw a map of Latin American showing the locations of the major concepts in this chapter. Be specific and comprehensive. Use another sheet of paper if needed to complete this task.

