

# Lesson Quiz 23-1



## Making Foreign and Defense Policy

**DIRECTIONS: Modified True/False** In the blank, indicate whether the statement is true (T) or false (F). If the statement is false, rewrite it to make it true by changing the underlined words.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. U.S. foreign policy impacts domestic economic interests as well as foreign interests.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. U.S. foreign policy followed a course of containment during the Civil War.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Economic decisions made by the European Union may affect U.S. domestic policy decisions.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. The United States went to war in Iraq in 2003 to overthrow Saddam Hussein in hopes of stabilizing the Middle East.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. The United States moved from isolationism to internationalism before World War I.  
\_\_\_\_\_

**DIRECTIONS: Multiple Choice** Indicate the answer choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. Which act of American internationalism came first?
  - A. building the Panama Canal
  - B. declaring war on Japan and Germany following Pearl Harbor
  - C. going to war in Vietnam
  - D. establishing colonies in Guam and Puerto Rico
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Which is the most important goal of United States foreign policy?
  - A. concern for humanity
  - B. national security
  - C. promoting democracy
  - D. promoting world peace
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. The public mood before the United States became involved in World War I was an attitude of
  - A. containment.
  - B. internationalism.
  - C. isolationism.
  - D. preemption.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. Which is an argument that supports the strategy of preemption?
  - A. Political allies will provide assistance.
  - B. The nation avoids impending dangers.
  - C. The nation gains economic strength.
  - D. War is usually avoided.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Which foreign policy approach best describes the war on terror?
  - A. containment
  - B. internationalism
  - C. isolationism
  - D. preemption

# Lesson Quiz 23-2

**networks**

## Making Foreign and Defense Policy

**DIRECTIONS: True/False** In the blank, indicate whether the statement is true (T) or false (F).

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Most foreign policy is carried out by the U.S. military.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Discussions between diplomats often lead to formal agreements between the United States and other nations.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. One way to signal displeasure with a country's actions is to restrict trade with them.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. The North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) provides diplomatic support in foreign affairs, but does not provide military support.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. The main responsibility of foreign policy is national defense.

**DIRECTIONS: Multiple Choice** Indicate the answer choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. What is a disadvantage of the United States joining a mutual defense alliance?
  - A. The U.S. must respond and react to the issues of all members of the alliance.
  - B. The U.S. will be less likely to respond to a crisis than if it worked alone.
  - C. The U.S. will have no input on how it can react in a crisis.
  - D. The U.S. will not be supported by other nations when it has a foreign policy issue.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Why might a nation place sanctions against another nation?
  - A. to express approval of the nation's actions
  - B. to express disapproval of the nation's actions
  - C. to form a military alliance with the nation
  - D. to form an economic alliance with the nation
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. Diplomacy between the United States and other nations begins with
  - A. Congress.
  - B. diplomats.
  - C. foreign agencies.
  - D. the president.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. The North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) is an example of a
  - A. bilateral agreement.
  - B. bilateral treaty.
  - C. multilateral agreement.
  - D. regional security pact.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. What is an advantage of joining a mutual defense alliance?
  - A. Other nations place sanctions against the United States.
  - B. There is economic protection from the international community.
  - C. There is military protection from the international community.
  - D. There is no need to provide humanitarian aid to other nations.

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# Lesson Quiz 23-3



## Making Foreign and Defense Policy

**DIRECTIONS: True/False** In the blank, indicate whether the statement is true (T) or false (F).

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. All foreign policy is carried out by the president in coordination with foreign diplomats.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. The Department of State and the Department of Defense are mainly concerned with foreign affairs.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Congress may refuse to provide funds for aid to other nations.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Public opinion, such as protests during the Vietnam War, helps shape public policy.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. The president must recognize every nation's diplomatic efforts, even if the president does not agree with them.

**DIRECTIONS: Multiple Choice** Indicate the answer choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. Which of the following officials is MOST concerned with the diplomatic activities of the U.S. government?
  - A. national security advisor
  - B. press secretary
  - C. secretary of defense
  - D. secretary of state
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Which of the following government departments leads the intelligence community?
  - A. Department of Defense
  - B. Department of Homeland Security
  - C. National Security Agency
  - D. National Security Council
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. How is a treaty with a foreign government ratified by the United States government?
  - A. by a 2/3 vote of the House of Representatives
  - B. by a 2/3 vote of the Senate
  - C. by a unanimous vote of the House of Representatives
  - D. by a unanimous vote of the Senate
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. The United States expressed disapproval of Syria's actions in 2013 by
  - A. destroying the nation's chemical weapon supply.
  - B. placing sanctions against the country.
  - C. using chemical weapons against the nation.
  - D. using military action against the nation.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Which of the following officials is MOST responsible for coordinating and communicating information and advice related to national security among different executive agencies?
  - A. national security advisor
  - B. press secretary
  - C. secretary of defense
  - D. secretary of state

# Lesson Quiz 23-4



## Making Foreign and Defense Policy

**DIRECTIONS: Modified True/False** In the blank, indicate whether the statement is true (T) or false (F). If the statement is false, rewrite it to make it true by changing the underlined words.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. The Department of State is responsible for implementing foreign policy.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Embassy staff promote business with U.S. companies and serve U.S. citizens travelling abroad.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Consulate staff keep U.S. officials informed of politics and foreign policies in other countries.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. The Department of State determines how branches of the armed forces are organized and governed.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. The National Security Agency is part of the Department of Defense.  
\_\_\_\_\_

**DIRECTIONS: Multiple Choice** Indicate the answer choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. The newest responsibility of the Foreign Service is
 

A. economic affairs abroad.	C. military affairs abroad.
B. managing foreign relations.	D. terrorism prevention.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. The Department of Defense is responsible for
  - A. keeping the president informed of international issues.
  - B. maintaining diplomatic relations with foreign governments.
  - C. negotiating treaties with foreign governments.
  - D. supervising the actions of the armed forces.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. The department most responsible for protecting the interests of Americans abroad is the
 

A. Department of Defense.	C. Department of State.
B. Department of Homeland Security.	D. Foreign Service.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. When traveling abroad, Americans who need help can go to the nearest American
 

A. consulate.	C. embassy or consulate.
B. embassy.	D. State Department office.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. A visa is issued by the
  - A. Foreign Service.
  - B. government of the country you want to visit.
  - C. State Department.
  - D. U.S. ambassador stationed in the country you want to visit.